

St Felix Roman Catholic Primary School



Geography Progression Map

Geographical skills and Fieldwork

Early Years Statutory Framework

National Curriculum Expectations

EYFS

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them — from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension. understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world.

Key stage 1

Geographical skills and fieldwork use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its counties, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage-

Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map

Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key

Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.

Key stage 2

Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.

Use the eight points of a compass, four and sixfigure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world

Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.







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Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Know where their school is located and begin to think about their local area.	Use aerial views of the school setting to comment on what they notice, recognising buildings, open space, roads and other simple features.	Use an aerial view/photographs to make comments and locate countries.	Use maps to find out information about different places and location.	Use a map/atlas to find specific information. (Europe and countries within Europe)	Recognise geographical tools on a globe.	Use coordinates to locate places on a map.	Use atlases to find out about other features of places- mountain regions, weather patterns			
Describe their local area from first hand observation.	Draw information from a simple map. Draw simple	Use maps to find the location of different places and information about places. (continents and oceans) Use symbols to find	Use maps to describe location and to navigate. Recognise basic	Know the eight points of a compass and how they can be used to help locate places and give directions. Know that symbols	Know that scale tells us the distance between places on a map. Use four figure	Use a map scale to measure distance between places on a map. Use maps, globes	Use a scale to measure distances. Draw/use maps and plans at a range of scales. Use 8 compass			
	maps of their immediate environment, or maps from imaginary story settings they are familiar with.	certain things on a map.	map symbols and use these in a key.	give us information about locations on a map.	grid references to locate places on a map.	and atlases to locate countries and describe features.	points confidently and accurately.			
		Use words to describe location and to compare the location of two different places.	Use an Ordnance Survey map to find human and physical features of an area.	Use grid references to locate places on a map.	Use maps, atlases and globes to locate countries, states and geographically significant land features.	Use maps, globes and atlases to understand data about places, people and the environment.	Use 4 figure coordinates confidently to locate features on a map.			





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Give directions such as	Use a map to plan	Compare the	Use an atlas and a	Begin to use 6
forwards, backwards,	a route- starting	physical features of	time zone map to	figure grid refs;
left or right.	point and	different places by	identify the time in	latitude and
	destination.	looking at maps	certain cities in	longitude on
		and photographs.	relation to the U.K.	atlas maps.
Know that a compass	Identify locations	Compare the		Use/recognise
can be used to find	in an atlas, on a	human features of		OS map symbols.
direction and	globe or world	different places by		
Navigate.	map.	looking at maps,		
		photographs and		
		other information.		
To know that a	To be able to use			
compass has four	compass			
points; north, south,	directions -N,S,E			
east and west	&W to navigate.			
To create a simple			_	
Map including- title,				
labels, symbols, a key				
and compass point.				